

What is the State of Institutional Trust in Latin America? A longitudinal multilevel analysis

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Questions

Since the 1990's, most countries of Latin America went through a democratic transition, which was concurrent to improved material conditions of life, and the reinstatement of civil rights that had been abolished. However, according to some researchers, this process was met with difficulties due to the low level of trust in the social and political institutions, as revealed by various public opinion surveys.

Is Latin America really experiencing a crisis in trust? And if so, what are the contextual factors that explain the variation in trust level for different institutions in different countries?



Change in Trust by Institution

We can also observe important differences between the institutions

	1				I		I		I	
	Mode			lel 1		lel 2		del 3		el 4-B
Intercept	3,68 *			3 ***	4,062	2 ***	3,79	9***	3,900) ***
	EASUI	REN	ΙΕΝΤ	' LE\	/EL					
Media (REF)			0.074	***	0.272	***	0.274	***	0.000	***
President			-0,374	* * *	-0,373	* * *	-0,374	***	-0,809	
-Left on President									0,749	
-C. Left on President									0,322	
-C.C Right on President			0.504	***	0.504	***	0.504	***	0,266	
Government			-0,584	4.4.4.	-0,584		-0,584		-0,805	
-Left on Government									0,411	
-C. Left on Government									0,089	
-C. Right on Government			0.040	***	0.947	***	0.040	***	0,121	
Parliament-Congress			-0,848	4.4.4	-0,847	4.4.4.	-0,848	an an an	-1,162	
-Left on Parliament-Congress									0,538	
-C. Left on Parliament-Congress									0,151	
-C. C Right on Parliament-Congress			0 / 1 0	***	0.410	***	-0,419	***	0,252 -0,790	
Elections			-0,418		-0,418		-0,419		0,541	
-Left on Elections										
-C. Left on Elections									0,340	
-C. Right on Elections			1 220	***	1 220	* * *	1.220	***	0,313	
Political Parties			-1,329		-1,329		-1,329		-1,575	
-Left on Political Parties									0,375	
-C. Left on Political Parties									0,091	
-C. C Right on Political Parties			0,312	***	0,313	***	0,314	* * *	0,253	
International Organizations			-						-	
Army			0,032	. N,S,	0,032	N,S,	0,032	N,S,	-0,171	
-Left on Army									0,289	
-C. Left on Army									-0,071	
-C.C Right on Army			0.560	***	0.560	***	0.560	***	0,264	
Police			-0,562	***	-0,562	* * *	-0,562	***	-0,723	
-Left on Police									0,324	
-C. Left on Police									-0,090	
-C.C Right on Police			0.500	**	0.500		0.500		0,124	
Public Administration			-0,520	* * *	-0,520	4.4.4.	-0,520	արդրագր	-0,824	
-Left on Public Administration									0,470	
-C. Left on Public Administration									0,150	
-C.C Right on Pub, Administration			0.646	***	0.646	***	0.646	***	0,294	
Judicial System			-0,646		-0,646		-0,646		-0,851	
-Left on Judicial System									0,291	
-C. Left on Judicial System									0,088	
-C. Right on Judicial System			0.755	***	0.755	4 4 4	0.755	***	0,222	
Religious Institutions			0,755		0,755		0,755		0,754	
Trade Union			-0,855		-0,855		-0,855		-0,858	
NGO			0,188		0,189		0,189		0,202	
Financial Institutions			-0,337		-0,337		-0,336		-0,334	
Enterprise	ESPO	ND	-0,318		-0,318 / F I		-0,318		-0,323	
					-0,011	**	-0,011	**	-0,011	**
Woman Age					0,001		0,001		0,001	
Age Education					-0,004		-0,004		-0,004	
					0,013		0,013		0,015	
Prop. no answers		SIL	RVEY	<i>r</i>	0,090		0,092		0,085	
Time C		501					0.000	9 N,S,	0,008	S N S
Time C2										1 **
Time C3						0,001 ** -0,0002 ***				
LAPOP					-0,0002 *** 0,493 ***					
WVS					0,489 *** -0,041 N,S,			, 1 N.S.		
Left								B ***	0,00	± 14.J.
Center Left								s 8 ***		
Center Center-Right								7 N,S,		
contor contor-night	V		ANC	F			0,033	, 11,3,		
Measurement		69%	2,40	66,1%	2,40	66,1%	2,40	67,2%	2,40	67%
Respondent	· ·	7,1%	1,07	29,4%	1,06	29,3%	1,06	29,8%	1,07	29,9%
Survey		3,9%	0,16	4,6%	0,16	4,6%	0,10	3%	0,11	3,2%
TOTAL				-	-	-	-		-	3,278 793
Deviation	-	3,88863 3,64567		3,64519		3,5865		22/0		

Data

The data come from three sources that have been combined in order to reduce uncertainty in the data:

Numb	er of respondents:
LatinoBarometro	378,669
The World Value Survey	48,178
LAPOP	271,962
Total	698,809

The combined file comprises 536 surveys conducted in 33 countries from 1995 to 2017

Methodological information

The answer scales (from 1 'no trust' to 4 'a lot of trust') are transformed into a '1 to 7' scale, from low to high trust, to make it comparable with LAPOP.

The middle point of the scale is 4. The average trust for the data is around 4, close to the middle point of the scale. The analysis uses local regressions. It fits the data using smoothing techniques. It allows for an adequate visualization of the data. On the graphs, the dots represent the mean trust for a specific survey, the lines represent the change over time in trust.

Trust in the Political System



Trust in institutions of the political system is relatively low in the region; it has risen a bit until 2005 but has declined continuously since 2010-2011.

Political parties are the institution with the lowest level of trust among Latino Americans; it had also increased until 2005 but has declined since.

Trust in the Public Administration



We present the information by region overall, institution for each region and region for each institution.

Finally we present the results of longitudinal multilevel regression to analyze whether trust varies according to the ideology of the government.

Results

Change in Trust by country



Trust in institutions of the public Administration is stable and homogenous in the region. Trust in the Army differs from the rest and has been rising substantially until 2005.

Trust in Institutions of the Civil Society



Trust in religious institutions started high but has been declining systematically until 2010.

Deviation	34375169	33507351	33506948	33506717	33480291
df	4	19	23	31	55

At the institutions level

In comparison with the media :

- Trust in the religious institutions is 0.76 points higher
- Trust in the International organizations is 0.31 points higher
- Trust in political parties is 1.33 points lower
- Trust in the trade unions is 0.86 points lower

The initial model (Model 0) shows that 69% of the variance in the level of trust is between the institutions.

At the respondent level:

- Being a woman is associated with lowest trust.

-Age with higher truts and education with lowest trust but the impact is minimal

At the survey- year level:

- The level of institutional trust varies over time in Latin America: There is no linear effect (time is not significant) but there is a quadratic and cubic effect which means that change over time is "fish-like".

Conclusions

-Institutional trust in Latin America has slightly increased until 2005. However, from 2010 on, we can observe a slight decrease.

-Religious institutions, despite a significant decline, continue to be the institutions with the highest level of trust.

In Latin America, average trust in Institutions has been relatively stable from 1995 to 2017.

However, we can observe differences in trust between countries.

There is a significant difference between the institutions of the civil society, especially between churches and trade unions. The latter, together with the political parties, are among the institutions with the lowest level of trust.

-Trust in most other institutions has been stable, except for trust in the Army, which has been rising substantially.

-Trust in political parties and trade unions remains the lowest, by far.

-When the ideology of the ruling party is left -compared to right- the level of trust in the political and administrative institutions is significantly higher.

Contact

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